

More Precision

induSENSOR // Linear inductive displacement sensors





Inductive displacement sensors with more precision

Electromagnetic displacement sensors from Micro-Epsilon are used extensively in applications for automated processes, quality assurance, test rigs, hydraulics, pneumatic cylinders, and automotive engineering. The advantages of these displacement sensors are well known and highly valued, and include ruggedness, reliability under harsh conditions, high signal quality and good temperature stability. The electromagnetic sensors of the induSENSOR series are based on the well-proven inductive and eddy current principle. They are used successfully both in single and high volume OEM applications.

		LVDT Gauges	LVDT Displacement Sensors	LDR Sensors	EDS Sensors
Measurement principle	LVDT	•	•		
	LDR			•	
	EDS				•
Controller	integrated				•
	external				
Measuring range	up to 5mm		•		
	up to 20mm				
	up to 50mm				
	up to 100mm				•
	up to 150mm				•
	up to 200mm				•
	up to 300mm				•
	up to 400mm				•
	up to 630mm				•
Target	plunger		•	•	
	gauge	•			
	pipe				•
Max. ambient temperature	up to 85°C	•			•
	up to 150°C		•	•	
	Option up to 200°C				
Max. ambient pressure	≤100bar				
	≤450bar				•
Output signal	4 20mA				•
	0.5 4.5VDC				•
	0/2 10VDC	•	•	•	

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induSENSOR LVDT



- Proven LVDT technology
- Measuring ranges ±1 ... ±10mm
- Excellent price/performance ratio, especially for high volume applications
- Sensor diameter ø8mm
- Version with pneumatic push

LVDT gauging sensors DTA-xG8 are primarily used for the measurement and inspection of work-piece geometry (length, width, diameter, thickness, depth, height).

These new gauges are available in two basic versions: feather or pneumatic. The entire housing has a diameter of 8mm. All gauges include a cable that extends axially from the housing. Due to its special design, this series offers a very attractive price/performance ratio, especially for high volumes.

Probe tips

Standard: type 2



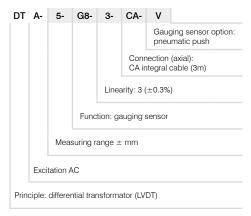
Option: type 11



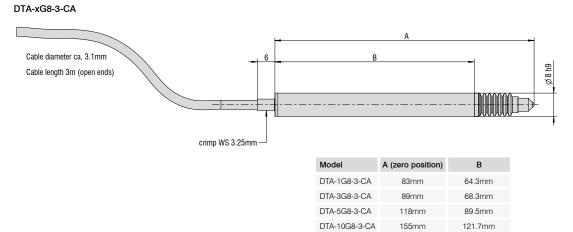
Option: type 13



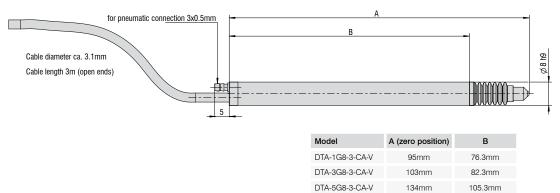
Article



Model	DTA-1G8	DTA-3G8	DTA-5G8	DTA-10G8	DTA-1G8-V	DTA-3G8-V	DTA-5G8-V	DTA-10G8-V			
Measuring range	±1mm	±3mm	±5mm	±10mm	±1mm	±3mm	±5mm	±10mm			
Linearity				0.3 %	FSO						
Repeatability	0.15µm	0.45µm	0.75µm	1.5µm	0.15µm	0.45µm	0.75µm	1.5µm			
Temperature stability				250pp	om/°C						
Temperature range		-20+80 °C (without bellows) / 0+80 °C (with bellows)									
Diameter	8h9mm										
Sensor material	stainless steel / FPM										
Connection / pin connector	open ends										
Protection class sensor			IP65	(with bellows) / I	P54 (without bell	ows)					
Cable output				ax	rial						
Sensor cable length				3	m						
Life cycle MTBF				5 million	n cycles						
Sensitivity	133 mV/mm/V	85 mV/mm/V	53 mV/mm/V	44 mV/mm/V	133 mV/mm/V	85 mV/mm/V	53 mV/mm/V	44 mV/mm/V			
Electronics	MSC710 (page 8 - 9)										
FSO = Full Scale Output											



DTA-xG8-3-CA-V



DTA-10G8-3-CA-V 170.8mm 137.3mm

Displacement sensors with external electronics



induSENSOR LVDT

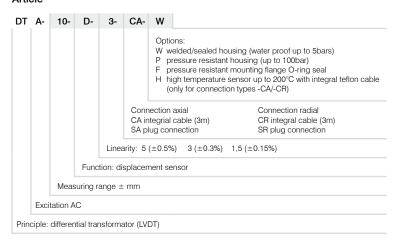
- Proven LVDT technology
- Measuring ranges ±1 ... ±25mm
- Extremely accurate also under difficult ambient conditions
- Long-term stability
- Wear-free

LVDT displacement sensors have a plunger which moves freely in the sensor housing.

The plunger is joined to the object by a thread to transfer the movement of the measurement object. The measurement process in the sensor takes place without contact and is therefore wear-free. The displacement sensors are mainly used to measure and monitor movements, displacements, positions, strokes, deflections, dislocations, etc. in vehicles, machines and systems.

The high sensor resolution is limited only by the noise in the sensor electronics. A further advantage of the symmetrically constructed sensors in the LVDT series is the zeropoint stability of the systems. The sensors are supplied with an excitation frequency of 1 to 5 kHz depending on the measurement range and an excitation amplitude of 2.5 to 5Veff. Matched sensor electronics are available in this respect. With appropriate setting possibilities for the excitation frequency and amplitude, the sensors can also be operated with alternative electronics.

Article



Model		DTA	-1D-	DTA	-3D-	DTA	√-5D-	DTA-10D-			DTA-1	5D-			DTA-2	5D-	
Connection		CA	SA	CA	SA	CA	SA	CA	SA	CA	CR	SA	SR	CA	CR	SA	SR
Measuring range		±1	mm	±3	mm	±5	mm	±10mm			±15n	nm		±25mm			
standard ±0.5%						-	-		-				300 μ m				
Linearity	standard ±0.3%	6).	6µm		18µm		μm	60)	um		90μι	m			150μ	m	
	optional ±0.15%	3µm		9µ	<i>ı</i> m	15	μm	30,	um		45µ1	m		-			
Excitation frequency				5k	Hz			2k	Hz				1k⊢	kHz			
Excitation amplitude					5\	eff				2.5Veff							
Sensitivity		133mV/Vmm 85mV/Vn			//Vmm	53mV	//Vmm	44mV	/Vmm		45mV/Vmn			33mV/Vmm			
Temperature range		-20°C80°C															
Storage temperature		-40°C +80°C / +120°C															
Temperature stability		zero ±50ppm/°C															
Tomporataro stability							S	ensitivity	±100pp	om/°C							
Housing						sta	inless st	eel inclu	ding ma	gnetic s	shielding	9					
Minimum cable bending	radius							2	20mm								
Outer diameter cable								~	4.6mm								
Protection class								ļ	P 67								
Shock		40g, 1000 shocks / axis															
SHOCK		100g, 3 shocks / direction															
Vibration		10Hz 58Hz ±1.5mm / 58Hz 500Hz ±20g															
Electronics								MSC710	(page 8	3 - 9)							

FSO = Full Scale Output

Sensor types with measuring range up to $\pm 10 mm$ (inner diameter ø2.7mm)

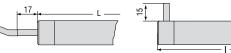


Type-CA with integral cable



Type-SA with axial plug connection

Sensor types with measuring range $\pm 15 mm$ and $\pm 25 mm$ (inner diameter ø4.8 mm)



Type - CA with integral cable

₹		
	4	— I –

Type - CR with integral cable (radial)



Type - SR with radial plug connection

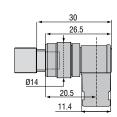


Type - SA with axial plug connection

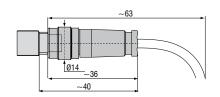
Basic model	DTA	-1D-	DTA	-3D-	DTA	-5D-	DTA-	10D-		DTA-	15D-		DTA-25D-			
Connection	CA	SA	CA	SA	CA	SA	CA	SA	CA	CR	SA	SR	CA	CR	SA	SR
Length of housing L	40mm	40mm	57mm	57mm	73mm	73mm	87mm	87mm		106.5	5mm			143.5mm		
Length of plunger I 1)	19r	mm	29r	nm	30r	mm	35r	mm	51mm		62mm					
Housing diameter		10mm						20mm								

 $^{^{1)}}$ Plunger in zero position (±10% of measuring range ±1 mm)

Female connector 90° dimensions apply for all models



Female connector 90° dimensions apply for all models



Sensor controller for LVDT series

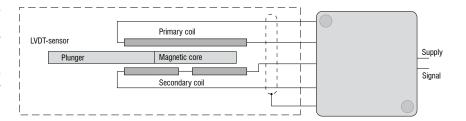
induSENSOR LVDT

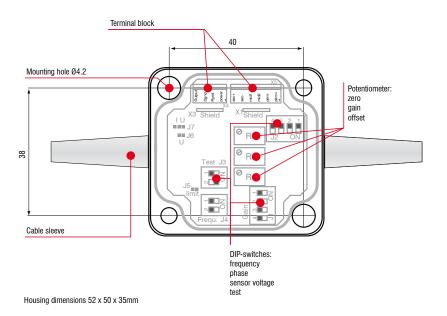


- Excellent linearity and resolution
- Zero and gain adjustable coarse/fine
- Excitation frequency 1 ... 10kHz (selectable)
- Compact and robust EMI-proofed housing

The MSC710 is a single-channel miniature sensor controller for the operation of inductive displacement sensors based on the LVDT principle (Linear Variable Differential Transformer). Its compact, but rugged design, makes it suitable for both industrial and laboratory applications.

Easily accessible and simple to operate, by using DIP-switches. The electronic unit can be matched to a wide range of sensors.





Model		MSC710-U	MSC710-I					
Power supply		18 30 VDC	(18 45mA)					
Protection		Reverse polarity protection	on, overvoltage protection					
Sensor principle		for LVDT	sensors					
Sensor excitation		150	400mV					
Sensor excitation		1/2/5kHz (selectable by DIP-switches)						
Input impedance	sensor	10k0	Ohm					
Range gain		-20+350	9% (trimpot)					
Hange	zero	±50% (trimpot)						
Output signal		2 10 VDC (R _a >1kOhm)	4 20mA (load <5000hm)					
Neiss		< 1.5mV _{eff} *	$< 3\muA_{\scriptscriptstyle{\mathrm{eff}}}^{\star}$					
Noise		< 15mV _{ss}	$<$ 30 μ A $_{ss}$					
Linearity		<0.02% FSO						
Frequency response		300Hz (-3dB)						
Tourne	storage	-40°C	. +85°C					
Temperature range	operating	0°C	+70°C					
Temperature stability		±100p	pm / °C					
Protection class		IP	65					
Weight		80	Og					
Housing material		ABS- _F	plastic					
Electromagnetic competibility (EMC)		EN 61326-1:2006 ((spurious emission)					
Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC)		EN 61326-2-3:2006 (immunity to interference)						
Vibration		EN 60068-2-64 (noise)						
Shock		EN 60068-2-29 (continous shock)						

FSO = Full Scale Output * RMS AC-Measuring, Frequency 3 Hz ... 300 Hz

Linear displacement sensors

induSENSOR LDR



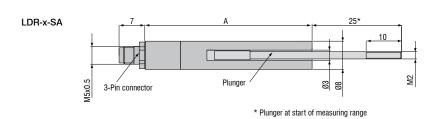
- No wear and no maintenance
- Excellent temperature stability
- Operating temperature range up 160°C
- Compact design short installed length
- Small sensor diameter
- High measurement signal quality

The specific sensor configuration of the linear displacement sensors in the LDR series is characterised by a short, compact design with small diameter. Three connections are required as an interface to the sensor. The compact design and the small sensor diameter facilitate the installation of the measurement systems in locations where space is restricted.

Fields of use and applications

The inexpensive LDR sensors are also particularly suitable for large-scale installation under restricted spatial conditions and in industrial environments with a high measuring rate.

Model		LDR	I-10-	LDF	R-25-	LDF	R-50-				
Connection		SA	CA	SA	CA	SA	CA				
Measuring range		10r	mm	25	mm	50r	mm				
Measuring principle				LDR -	sensor						
		typ. ±0.3	80% FSO	typ. ±0.3	35% FSO	typ. ±0.7% FSO					
Linearity		±0.03	30mm	±0.08	88mm	±0.35mm					
Excitation frequency		16	(Hz	12	kHz	8k	Hz				
Excitation amplitude		1\	/ _{eff}	11	$V_{ m eff}$	2.6	5V _{eff}				
Sensitivity		51mV	/Vmm	21mV	//Vmm	5.5mV/Vmm					
Temperature range	SA	storage: -40°C +80°C / operation: -15°C +80°C									
iomporatare range	CA	storage: -40°C +160°C / operation: -40°C +160°C									
Temperature stability	zero	±30ppm/°C ±40ppm/°C									
iomporatare stability	sensitivity		±100p	±150p	pm / °C						
Housing (material)		ferromagnetic stainless steel									
Weight sensor (without plunger)		9 g	24g	14g	28g	23g	37g				
Weight plunger		1.5	5g	2.	2g	3.5g					
Sensor cable - minimum bending ra	adius fixed / moved	8 / 15mm	10 / 30mm	8 / 15mm	10 / 30mm	8 / 15mm	10 / 30mm				
Outer cable diameter		3.1mm	1.8mm	3.1mm	1.8mm	3.1mm	1.8mm				
Protection class				IP	67						
Shock				40g, 3000 s	shocks / axis						
				100g radia	I, 300g axial						
Vibration			5Hz	44Hz ±2.5mm	/ 44Hz 500Hz ±	:20g					
Electric connection	SA	3-pin connector (accessory cable, article 0157047/047, 3 or 5m)									
	CA	integral axial cable (shielded), 2m									
Electronics		MSC7210 (page 12 - 13)									
FSO = Full Scale Output SA = connector	axial CA = cable axial										



Model	Α
LDR-10-SA	47mm
LDR-25-SA	73mm
LDR-50-SA	127mm

LDR-x-CA	A A	25*
	Plunger	M2
***************************************		30 rink hose
	* Plunger at start of measuring range	45

Model	Α
LDR-10-CA	41mm
LDR-25-CA	67mm
LDR-50-CA	121mm

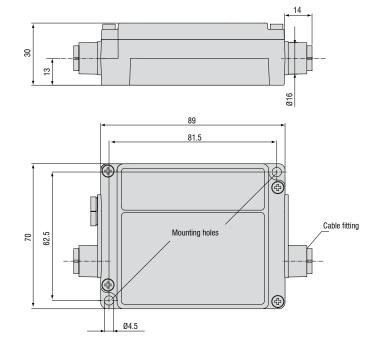
Sensor controller for LDR series

MSC7210



- Rugged die-cast housing
- For all sensors in the LDR series
- Adjustable excitation frequency 4 ... 33kHz
- Zero point and gain can be adjusted
- High resolution and linearity

The MSC7210 is a single-channel electronic unit for the operation of inductive displacement transducers according to the LDR principle. The zero point and gain can be set over a wide range using trimming potentiometers. Due to the small size, the electronic unit is versatile in mounting.



Model		MSC7210-U	MSC7210-I						
Power supply		18	. 30VDC						
Protection		polarity reversal and	d overvoltage protection						
Sensor principle		LDF	Sensor						
Sensor excitation		1000 .	2600mV						
Consor excitation		4 bis 33kHz (16 steps	selectable via DIPswitch)						
Range	gain	-20 +270	% FSO (trimpot)						
· iai.igo	zero	±70% FSO (trimpot)							
Output signal		2 10VDC	4 20mA						
Noise		$<$ 1.5mV $_{\rm eff}$ *	$<$ 3 μ A _{eff} *						
		< 15mV _{ss}	$<$ 30 μ A $_{ss}$						
Linearity		< ± 0	.02% FSO						
Frequency response		300Hz							
Temperature range	storage	-40°C	+85°C						
	operating		+70°C						
Temperature stability			ppm / °C						
Housing material		zinc die cast							
Electromagnetic compatibility	y (EMC)	EN 61326-1:2006 (spurious emission)							
		EN 61326-2-3:2006 (immunity to interference)							
Protection class		IP 65							
		· ·	half sine wave						
		·	eleration 15g						
Shock			uration 6ms						
			xes x, y, z						
		·	ts per axis: 1000						
			: sine - sweep						
Vibration			r: 20 500Hz						
		test axes x, y, z							
0		No. of frequency cycles per axis: 10							
Sensor connection		plugable screw clamp 4-pin plugable screw clamp 5-pin							
Signal/supply connection		plugable sc	rew ciamp 5-pin						

FSO = Full Scale Output

* RMS AC measurement, frequency 3Hz ... 300Hz

Long-stroke sensors for hydraulics & pneumatics





- Measurement ranges 75 ... 630mm
- Linearity ±0.3% FSO
- Integrated microelectronics
- High pressure resistance
- Oil resistant and maintenance-free
- Short offset ranges

The sensor elements of the EDS series are protected by a pressure resistant stainless steel housing. The sensor electronics and signal conditioning are completely integrated in a sensor flange.

As a target an aluminium sleeve is used which is integrated into the piston rod and is passed without making contact and wearfree over the sensor rod.

Due to the use of the eddy current principle, no permanent magnets need to be mounted inside the cylinder.

Due to the rugged design of the long-stroke sensors of the EDS series, these sensor systems have proven themselves, not only through the integration in hydraulic and pneumatic cylinders, but especially under harsh industrial conditions.

Typical applications

Long-stroke sensors in the EDS series are designed for industrial use in hydraulic and pneumatic cylinders for the displacement and position measurement of pistons or valves, e.g. for the measurement of

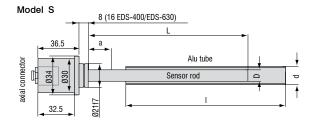
- displacement, distance, position, gap
- deflection
- movement, stroke
- filling level, immersion depth, spring travel

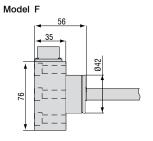


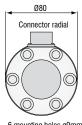
EDS series: integration in a hydraulic cylinder

Model		EDS-75	EDS-100	EDS-160	EDS-200	EDS-250	EDS-300	EDS-400	EDS-500	EDS-630	
Connection		S	S, F	S, F	S	S, F	S, F	S, F	S	S, F	
Measuring range		75mm	100mm	160mm	200mm	250mm	300mm	400mm	500mm	630mm	
Linearity	±0.3% FSO	0.23mm	0.3mm	0.48mm	0.6mm	0.75mm	0.9mm	1.2mm	1.5mm	1.89mm	
Resolution	0.05% FSO	0.038mm	0.05mm	0.08mm	0.1mm	0.125mm	0.15mm	0.2mm	0.25mm	0.315mm	
Temperature range			-40°C +85°C								
Temperature stabilit	ty					±200ppm / °C					
Frequency respons	e (-3 dB)		150Hz								
Output			4 - 20mA								
Output load			500Ω								
Power supply			18 - 30VDC								
Current consumption	on					max. 40mA					
Connector	model S			7-pin connecto	r (sensor cable	e as an option)	options radial	or axial output	t		
Connector	model F			5-	pin radial bayo	net-connector	with mating pl	ug			
Pressure resistance)				450bai	r (sensor rod,	flange)				
Protection class						IP 67					
Electromagnetic co (EMC)	mpatibility			Е		1:2006 (spuriou 2006 (immunity	,	e)			
Shock 1)		40g, 3000 shocks / axis 100g radial, 300g axial									
Vibration			5Hz 44Hz ±2.5mm 44Hz 500Hz ±23g								
Material					V	/4A-Steel 1.457	1				

FSO = Full Scale Output 1) Half sinusoid 6 ms

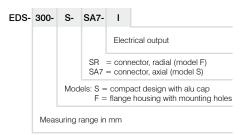






6 mounting holes ø9mm on pitch circle ø63mm

Article



Meas.	Senso	or rod	Alu t		tube		Offset
range	L	D		l	c	i	а
75	110	10	11	10	1	6	15
100	140	10	14	10	1	6	20
160	200	10	20	00	1	6	20
200	240	10	24	10	1	6	20
250	290	10	29	90	1	6	20
300	340	10	34	10	1	6	20
400	450	12	450 (S)	460 (F)	18 (S)	26 (F)	25
500	550	12	55	50	1	8	25
630	680	12	680 (S)	690 (F)	18 (S)	26 (F)	25

Displacement sensors with external electronics





The LVP-3, LVP-14 and LVP-25 sensors are modified versions of the standard LVP sensors.

They are designed for specific application areas, and operated with external electronics in contrast to the standard LVP series.

Valve stroke sensor in stainless steel housing

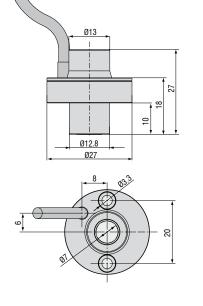
Future generations of engines will be able to dispense with mechanical camshafts. The displacement of the electromechanically or electrohydraulically driven inlet and outlet valves of internal combustion engines is acquired by the displacement sensor of the product line LVP-14-F-5-CR and fed into the control circuit. In this way a variable inlet and outlet control of the valves can be realised. Ultimately, the fuel consumption is reduced, emission values are improved and the engine power characteristic is matched to the individual driving situation.

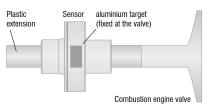
Model	LVP-14-F-5-CR
Article	2616078
Measuring range	14mm
Target (optional)	article 0482273
Linearity	0.5% FSO (0.07mm)
Housing	stainless steel
Temperature stability sensor	±100pmm / °C
Temperature range sensor	-30°C +150°C
Protection class sensor	IP 67

Controller	MSC739VS-U
Article	4111009
Power supply	+1016VDC
Output	19VDC
Resolution	0,02% FSO
Frequency response	20kHz (-3dB)
Dimensions	150 x 64 x 54mm

FSO = Full Scale Output







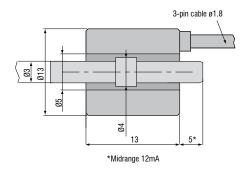
Sensor for needle stroke movements

The compact displacement sensor LVP-3- Z13-5-CA is suitable for acquiring small measurement ranges with high accuracy. The large free hole for the passage of the core also facilitates large excessive strokes. The measurement object, realised as a simple aluminium ring, is mounted on the rod, plunger, pin, needle or other similar part to be measured. In a typical application the displacement sensor LVP-3-Z13-5-CA is used in automatic glue application guns. The continuously measuring sensor monitors the switching point, also for wear of the needle seating. Additionally, the continuous measurement offers the option of checking the needle for the correct stroke position. The small, compact sensor is easy to integrate even in tight installation spaces.

Model	LVP-3-Z13-CA
Article	2617014
Measuring range	3mm
Target (included)	ø3 x 30 long with thread M3 and alu sleeve ø4 x 3.3
Linearity	typ. 0.3% FSO (9μm)
Housing	stainless steel
Temperature stability sensor	±100pmm / °C
Temperature range sensor	-40°C+150°C
Protection class sensor	IP 67
Electronics	series MSC7210 (page 12 - 13)







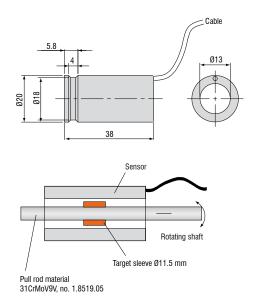
Sensor for the acquisition of displacement on rotating shafts

Analogue sensors from the series LVP offer a significant improvement to monitor the clamping position of tools. The sensor is integrated into the chuck and directly measures the clamping stroke of the drawbar. It can be universally used with the most varied types of tool due to an extremely compact design. The sensor supplies an analogue signal according to the stroke motion of the drawbar when clamping the tool. Consequently, continuous monitoring is possible without the switching point having to be laboriously set mechanically. The miniaturised sensor electronic unit is supplied with 24 VDC and can either be accommodated at the point of measurement or in the control cabinet.

Model	LVP-25-Z20-5-CA-AC		
Article	2617008		
Measuring range	25mm		
Target (included)	article 0482218 for shaft diameter 8mm		
Target (included)	article 0482219 for shaft diameter 10mm		
Resolution	0.01mm		
Linearity	typical ±1% FSO (0.25mm)		
Dynamics	150Hz (-3dB)		
Housing	stainless steel		
Temperature stability sensor	<±0.01% FSO / °C		
Temperature range	-40° C+150° C		
Protection class sensor	IP 67		
Medium	air, oil		
Electronics	series MSC7210 (page 12 - 13)		

FSO = Full Scale Output





General accessories

2960031 MC25D digital micrometer calibration fixture 2420062 PS2020 power supply on DIN rail,

input 100 - 240VAC, output 24VDC / 2.5A

2984026 certificate function and linearity inspection certificate incl.

protocol with listed measurement data of the linearity inspection

and documentation

Accessories LDR series

Connection cable

0157047 C7210-5/3 sensor cable, 5m, with cable connector 0157048 C7210/90-5/3 sensor cable, 5m, with 90° cable connector

Supply cable

2901087 PC710-6/4 supply/output cable, 6m

Plunger

 0800136
 LDR-10
 plunger

 0800137
 LDR-25
 plunger

 0800138
 LDR-50
 plunger

Accessories EDS series

Service

2985001 Function and linearity inspection for EDS series incl. pressure

inspection and documentation without recalibration

Connection cable

0157043	C703-5	VIP/LVP/EDS 7-pin connection cable for S series, 5m
2902084	C703-5/U	VIP/LVP/EDS 7-pin connection cable for S series, 5m
		for voltage output 1 - 5V
0157050	C703/90-5	VIP/LVP/EDS 7-pin connection cable for S series, 5m
		with 90° cable connector
2901143	C705-5	VIP-/LVP-/EDS -pin connection cable for F series, 5m
2901160	C705-15	VIP-/LVP-/EDS -pin connection cable for F series, 15m



Linearity inspection certificate

AccessoriesLVDT series

Sensor cable

2902004 C701-3 sensor cable 3m, with connector and tin-plated free ends
2902013 C701-6 sensor cable, 6m, with connector and tin-plated free ends

2902009 C701/90-3 sensor cable, 3m, with 90° connector

and tin-plated free ends

2966002 MSC710 connector set for supply/output cable

2981010 connector mounting and calibration of MSC710

Connection cable

2901087 PC710-6/4 supply/output cable, 6 m

Plunger

DTA-1D 0800001 plunger 0800002 DTA-3D plunger DTA-5D 0800003 plunger 0800004 DTA-10D plunger 0800005 DTA-15D plunger 0800006 DTA-25D plunger

Flange

0483090.01 DTA-F10 mounting flange, slotted for

DTA-1D, DTA-3D, DTA-5D, DTA-10D

0483083.02 DTA-F20 mounting flange, slotted

for DTA-15D, DTA-25D

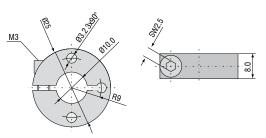
Probe tips

0459002 type 2

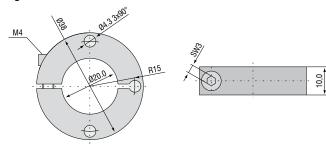
0459001 type 2 hard metall

0459003 type 11 0459004 type 13

Flange DTA-F10



Flange DTA-F20



Standard probe tip: type 2 Option: type 11 Option: type 13







Micro-Epsilon also develops sensors for special requirements that are not met by the standard models, the inductive sensors from the standard range can be suitably modified. A commercial implementation can already be achieved with medium-sized quantities (depending on the type and number of changes). The standard induSENSOR models form the basis for the modifications.

Environmental conditions

Depending on the location, environment, and application, different circumstances occur that require adapted sensors:

- Ambient temperature
- Pressure
- Interference fields
- Dirt, dust, and moisture
- Vibration, shock
- Seawater, IP69K



Basic types

Three basic types are available. Measuring ranges and target versions can be combined, based on these technologies.

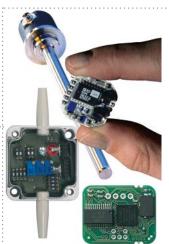
Technology	Measuring range	Target
EDS	to 800 mm	pipe
2 LDR	to 150 mm	plunger / probe tip
S LVDT	to ±100mm	plunger / probe tip





Measuring range / sensor geometry

The installation environments often require an adjustment of the sensor geometry, of the measuring range, and of the protection class. These adjustments include changes to the measuring range, sensor length and width, pressure resistance, target shape, flange and material.



Electronics

The electronics is used for control purposes and for processing the signals from the inductive sensors.

Depending on the requirements, the electronics can be integrated in the sensor or remote. The range of functions of the electronics are specifically defined, and range from simple signal output to complex arithmetic.

Possible electronics concepts

- Integrated electronics
- External electronics



Type of connection and cables

The type of connection and cable can be defined depending on the requirements.

- Connector for plugs
- Integrated cable with plug
- Integrated cable with open ends



Output signal

Depending on the type of integration, one or more output signal types are required. Many types of output are available in combination with the electronics used.

Output signals

- . ■ Current
- Voltage
- Switching outputs
- Others on request









DTA-6D-20 (07)

Inductive LVDT diplacement sensor

Measuring range ±2 ... ±8mm

Connection 140mm flat cable and IDC (insulation

displacement connectors) RM 2.54



DTA-15D-5-CA(03)

Pressure-tight LVDT sensor with welded flange

Measuring range ±16mm

Pressure resistance pressed, up to 350bar (2min.)

with mounting flange

Connection flat cable axial connector,

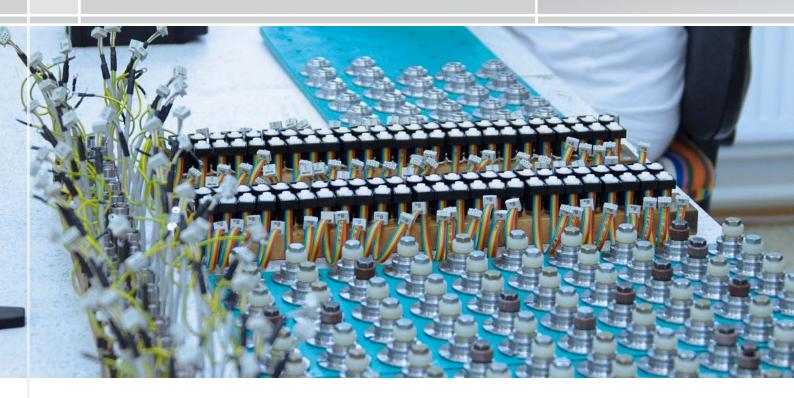
approx. 140mm long with plug



EDS-330-F-SRB-I(06)

Eddy current long-stroke sensor

Measuring range 330mm
Output 4 - 20mA
Power supply 18 - 30Vdc
Flange housing 150mm diameter



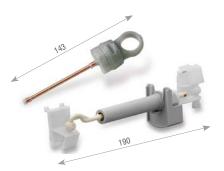
For exceptional applications with large quantities, Micro-Epsilon develops sensors that are precisely tailored to customer requirements. The geometry, electronics and packaging are customised to suit the requirements concerned. Thanks to the high production capacity at Micro-Epsilon, large quantities can be made cost-effectively.

Areas of application

Customized OEM displacement sensors are often developed for areas of applications where the highest standards apply, such as:

- Applications with high atmospheric pressure
- Environments with high temperatures
- Vacuum
- Explosive hazard environments
- Contaminated installation and measurement rooms

Realised OEM examples



DRA-25D-20-SR-02 / ILU-50-0-10-SR

Inductive differential inductor (plunger)

- Loading and unbalance detection in washing machines
- Installation integrated into damper or external
- Measuring range 50mm
- External electronics



LDR-85-BUE

Wear-free inductive displacement sensor

- Position measurement of valves
- Measuring range 85mm
- Integrated electronics



KRS 719-400

Miniaturised LVDT displacement sensor

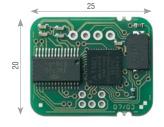
- For use in textile machines
- External electronics
- Measuring range 2mm
- Shielded sensor



DTA-3D-5-CR5-G-HP

Inductive displacement sensor

- Detection of the shaft position with hermetically sealed pumps
- Measuring range 6mm
- ATEX / FM certification



ISC7001

Subminiature sensor controller

- Subminiature design 20x25mm
- Interfaces 0.5 4.5V, PWM (10bit), UART
- Resolution 11bit



DTA-1D-20-DDV.02

LVDT displacement sensor with coated coil

- Measurement of a hydraulic valve position
- External electronics
- Measuring range 2mm
- Dipped paint seal



KTL gauging sensors

Calibration of robots

- Speed measurement
- Switching output



EDS-28-G-CA-U

Rugged inductive miniature sensor with in the cable integrated electronics

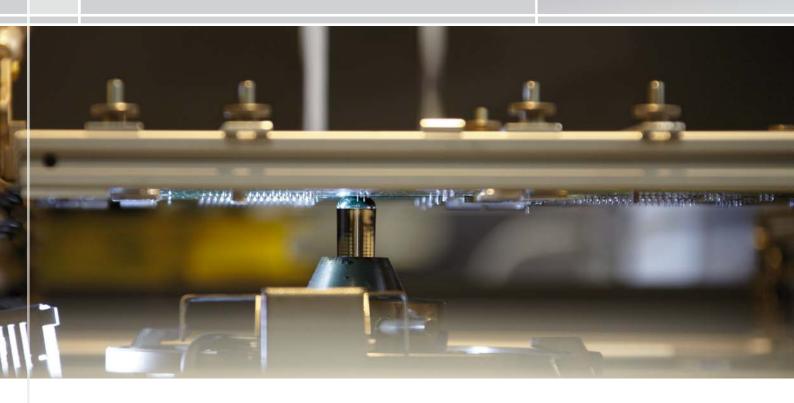
- Miniature actor for formula 1
- Measuring range 28mm
- Pressure resistance up to 350bar



EDS/GPS-180-ZA-I(02)

Eddy current long-stroke sensors with integrated electronics

- Measuring the piston position in the glass production
- Measuring range 180mm
- High shock- and vibration-resistance







Micro-Epsilon has all the required resources available to supply solutions starting from the idea through to large-scale production, all from one source - and at competitive prices. A cohesive process as a better path to large-scale production. Together with a team of engineers and customer support staff, performance specifications are converted into concepts and designs according to customized requirements. All project participants are integrated into the process. Together with us, you can speed up your development process, prototype building and large-scale production. In achieving this, the complete material logistics is included in the process from an early stage. A total of over 2,000 man-years of engineering experience and more than 300 staff are available to you.

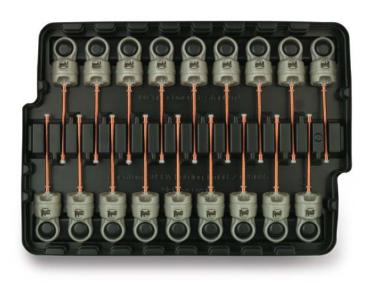
At Micro-Epsilon's head office, development projects are initiated and major projects coordinated. The development and marketing of specific sensors for OEM customers in large quantities takes place in direct contact with the development and product specialists.

For the large-scale production of the electronics, modern and automated production systems for screen and silk-screen printing are available with vision systems, automatic SMD assembly up to BF 0402, reflow soldering in computer controlled convection ovens, CFC-free washing in multi-compartment washing systems, automatic die bonding and laser trimming.



With production capacities of more than one million sensors p.a. and by utilising internal company resources, the sensors are very economical. The production equipment available includes the following:

- CNC lathes and milling machines
- Fully automatic four-spindle winding machine
- Arc welding equipment for welding the coil wires
- Varnish dip system for protecting the coil
- Automatic inspection system for testing the coil parameters
- Laser welding and marking systems



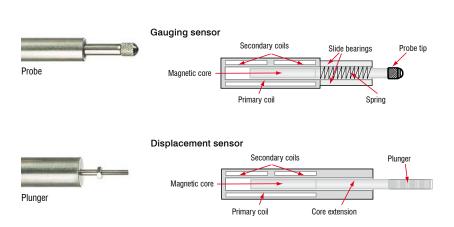


All production systems are supplied in ergonomic and assembly-friendly packaging units. In this respect environmentally friendly and economical reusable packaging is used. Within the scope of Total Quality Management a 100% check is integrated for numerous measurement and inspection processes.

LVDT gauges and LVDT displacement sensors

LVDT displacement sensors and gauges (Linear Variable Differential Transformer) are constructed with a primary and two secondary coils, which are arranged symmetrically to the primary winding. As a measurement object, a rod shaped magnetic core can be moved within the differential transformer. An electronic oscillator supplies the primary coil with an alternating current of constant frequency. The excitation is an alternating voltage with an amplitude of a few volts and a frequency between 1 and 10 kHz.

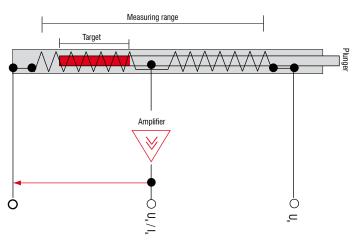
Depending on the core position alternating voltages are induced in the two secondary windings. If the core is located in its "zero position", the coupling of the primary to both secondary coils is equally large. Movement of the core within the magnetic field of the coil causes a higher voltage in one secondary coil and a lower voltage in the second coil. The difference between the two secondary voltages is proportional to the core displacement. Due to the differential design of the sensor, the LVDT series has an output signal which is very stable.



LDR displacement sensors

The inductive sensors in the LDR series are constructed as half-bridge systems with centre tap. An unguided plunger moves in the interior of the sensor coil, which consists of symmetrically constructed winding compartments. The plunger is joined to the moving measurement object via a thread. Due to the movement of the plunger within the coil, an electrical signal is produced which is proportional to the displacement covered. The specific sensor configuration facilitates a short, compact design with a small diameter. Three connections are required as an interface to the sensor.

Block diagram LDR series



- Displacement 100 % 100 % - Displacement Linear measuring range

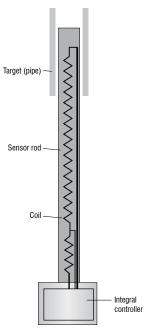
EDS long-stroke sensors

The measurement principle of the EDS series is based on eddy current effect. An aluminium (ferrous) sleeve which can be moved along the housing without making contact is used as the target. If both coils are supplied with an alternating current, then two orthogonal magnetic fields are produced in the sleeve. The measurement coil, wound in one layer, produces a field which has a magnetic coupling with the target.

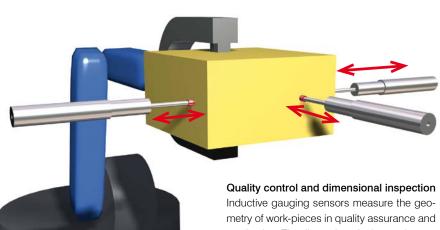
The displacement sensor uses a ferrous target sleeve of soft magnetic material, a measurement coil and a compensation coil. The coils are mounted inside a pressurised stainless steel housing. The eddy currents then arising in the target form a magnetic field which influences the measurement coil impedance. This changes linearly with the target position. The magnetic field of the compensation coil has in contrast no coupling with the target and the impedance of the compensation coil is largely independent of the target position.

The electronic circuit generates a signal from the ratio of the impedance of the measurement coil and the compensation coil and converts the sleeve position into a linear electrical output signal of 4 - 20mA. In achieving this, the temperature effects and the temperature gradient are essentially eliminated.

Block diagram EDS series



Sensors are the eyes and ears of a technical system. The values or states you acquire are processed in the controller or evaluated and appropriate further steps initiated. With the aid of sensors the measurement object is deflected, moved, set, guided, bent, panned, positioned, tilted, displaced or centred. The following overview shows a small extract of the possibilities for the application of the product group induSENSOR. With inductive sensors in applications, process times are shortened, operational readiness is extended, operational safety is increased, production yield is improved, setting up times are shortened and there is a gain in convenience.



Inductive gauging sensors measure the geometry of work-pieces in quality assurance and production. The dimensions for inspection are acquired in appropriate inspection rigs and documented.

Gauging sensors and other sensors are employed for the calibration of the robot axes and for the determination of the gripping span. Furthermore, with vision4A image processing systems the position of the handling object in space is acquired.

The deflection of the probe tip in 3D coordinate machines is compensated using inductive sensors from Micro-Epsilon.

- Construction
- Automotive
- Facility management
- Household appliances
- Hydraulics
- Measurement systems
- Medical engineering
- Production plants
- Process technology
- Inspection and testing systems
- Quality control
- Machine tools

Hydraulic and pneumatic cylinders Railway engineering

When taking a bend, the coach body on the vehicle is then tilted towards the inside of the bend with the aid of hydraulic cylinders. This tilt is acquired with sensors in the EDS series.

Automobile construction

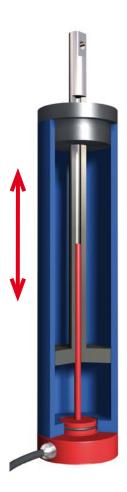
Deflection of hydraulic suspension in commercial vehicles, position of convertible top cylinders as well as pedal and clutch displacements are typical applications..

Heavy industry

The EDS series is used for the crusher gap control on rock crushers.

Aerospace

In the dynamic control and navigation of aircraft various sensors in the LVDT series are employed as key elements. Typical applications are in navigation, cockpit simulators, the mechanical turbine control, antenna positioning, flaps control, rudder trimming, pedal positioning and in the undercarriage.





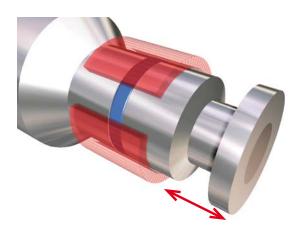
Inspection and testing systems

In inspection and testing systems inductive sensors acquire deflection, oscillation and vibration of the measurement positions.

In particular, the sensors of the VIP series are suitable for the measurement range from 50 to 200mm. The requirements with regard to a small installation volume, wide useful measurement range and insensitivity to measurement object lateral variations are optimally fulfilled by sensors in the VIP series.

Construction

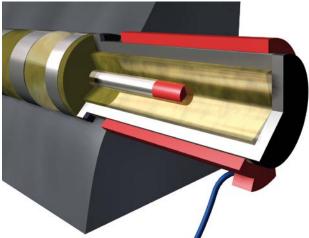
Inductive sensors from Micro-Epsilon are used for continuous measurements in civil engineering. The sensors acquire the movement of bridge elements or the walls of buildings with the change of seasons and during renewal.



Machine tools, production automation, Measurement with respect to rotating shafts

To monitor the clamping position of tools a sensor in the VIP series is integrated into the chuck and directly measures the clamping stroke of the drawbar. It can be universally used with the most varied types of tool due to an extremely compact sensor design.

In automatic screwdrivers inductive sensors from Micro-Epsilon continuously measure the penetration depth from 0 to 70 mm, thus monitoring screw joints with different depths on the same station.



Hydraulic valve

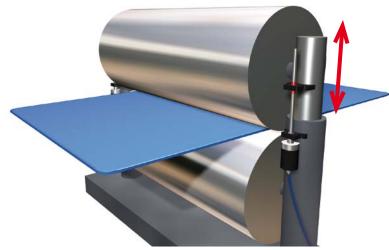
With the classical LVDT sensors and innovative sensors in the VIP series, Micro-Epsilon offers a wide selection of systems for the measurement of the piston position on hydraulic and solenoid valves. The sensors in the VIP series are particularly characterized by the small installation space and the high cut-off frequency.

Dosing valve

In automatic dosing valves inductive sensors monitor the position of the dosing needle and ensure uniform dosing quality.

Process valve

To control and block the flow of gases and liquids the spindle drives of process valves are fitted with Micro-Epsilon displacement sensors.



Production plants

In automated production plant, inductive sensors from Micro-Epsilon monitor the production tolerance of the products while the process is running. Other fields of application lie in the continuous acquisition of flap positions and slide settings.

High performance sensors made by Micro-Epsilon



Sensors and systems for displacement and position



Sensors and measurement devices for non-contact temperature measurement



2D/3D profile sensors (laser scanner)



Optical micrometers, fiber optic sensors and fiber optics



Color recognition sensors, LED analyzers and color inline spectrometer



Measurement and inspection systems